

OVERVIEW: Research and development is a critical contributor to innovation and long-term economic growth, and the United States has a long history of being a global leader. According to a new collaborative report from The Council of State Governments and Elsevier—"America's Knowledge Economy: A State-by-State Review"—the United States published more than 536,000 publications in 2013. Predictably, states with larger populations also tended to publish more. For example, California and New York were the top two producers from 2004 to 2013. From 2004 to 2013, a big chunk of United States publications—more than one-quarter—focused on the field of medicine. Over the same period, Massachusetts and California produced the most impactful research—also called field-weighted citation impact—among all states. This brief offers a state-specific snapshot of data pulled from the report. To read the full report, visit www.csg.org/knowledgeeconomy.

1.28 PUBLICATIONS

PER 1,000 RESIDENTS, 2013

U.S. Average: 1.70 publications per 1,000 residents

**FIELD-WEIGHTED CITATION
IMPACT, 2004–13**

1.29 Cited 29% more than
global average

COMPARATIVE ADVANTAGE IN RESEARCH

**BUSINESS, MANAGEMENT,
& ACCOUNTING**

Cited **10% more** than the U.S. average



TEXAS | **TOP COLLABORATING
STATE, 2004–13**

4,184 collaborations from 2004–13 (9.8% of all of Oklahoma's publications).

RELATIVE VOLUME IN CHEMICAL ENGINEERING, 2004–13

5TH AMONG ALL STATES

Oklahoma produces **31% more** publications in chemical engineering than its total research volume would suggest.

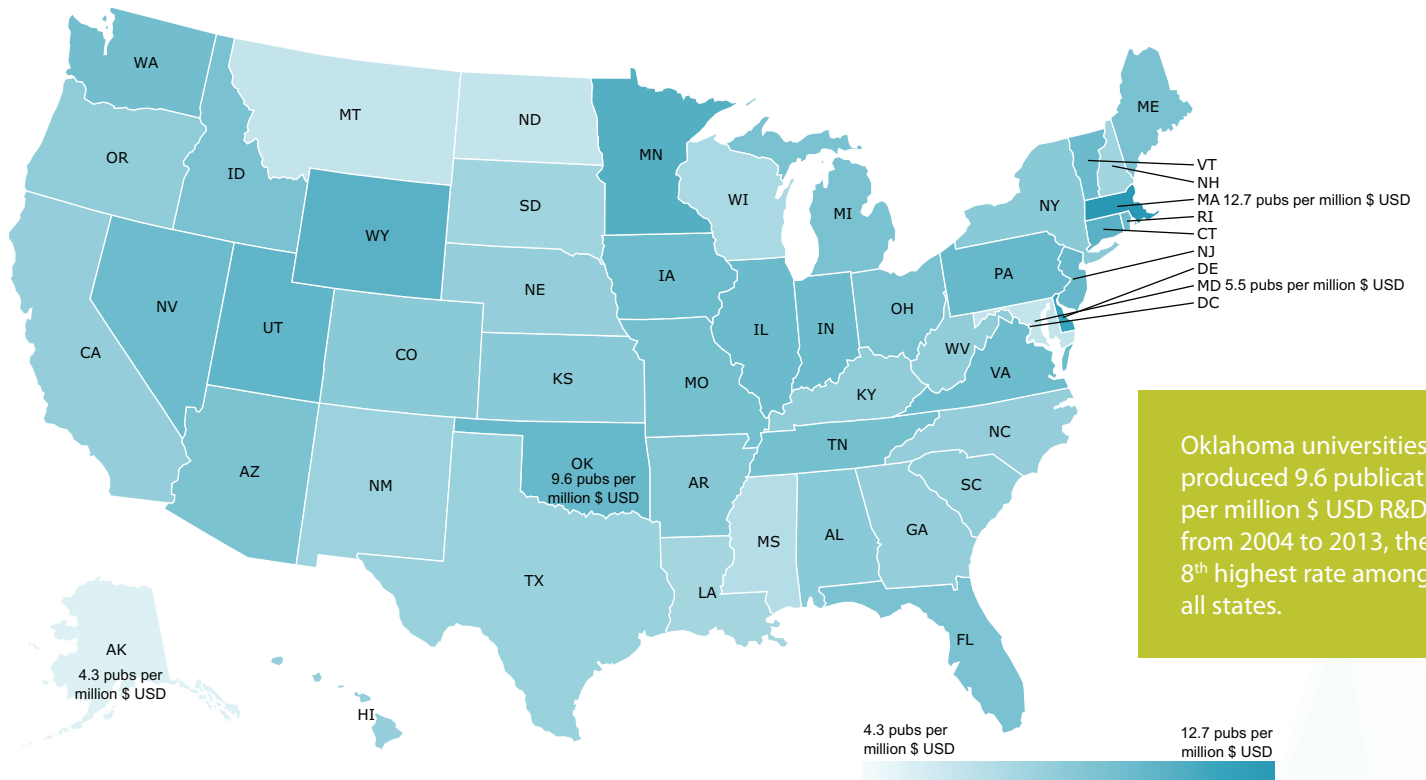
RELATIVE VOLUME IN CHEMICAL ENGINEERING, 2004–13

7TH AMONG ALL STATES

Oklahoma produces **81% more** publications in chemical engineering than its total research volume would suggest.

America's Knowledge Economy: A State-by-State Review | OKLAHOMA

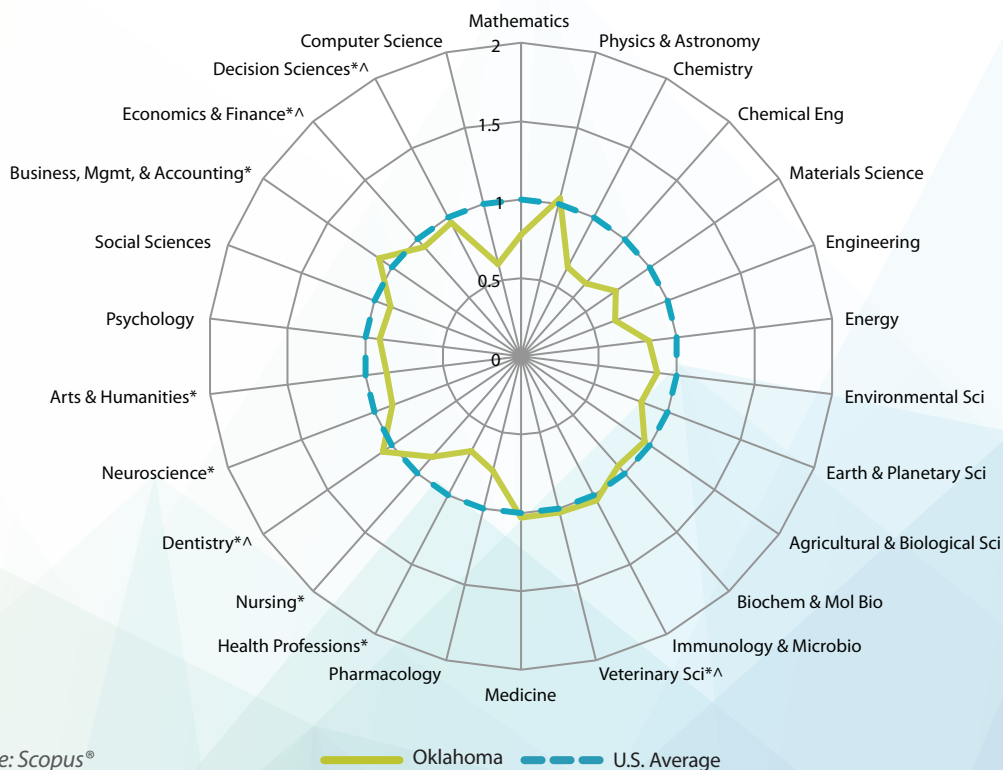
Number of academic publications per million \$ USD in higher education R&D expenditures for U.S. states, 2004–13 (in 2013 \$)



Oklahoma universities produced 9.6 publications per million \$ USD R&D from 2004 to 2013, the 8th highest rate among all states.

Source: Scopus® and NSF Higher Education Research and Development Survey

Impact Across Research Fields, 2004–13



Oklahoma's research in business, management, and accounting is cited 10% more than the U.S. average.

Source: Scopus®