

Computer Security Breaches

This Act is designed to help ensure that personal information about state residents is protected by encouraging data brokers to provide reasonable security for personal information. This bill borrows from a similar California statute which requires companies to notify residents in the event of a security breach involving personal financial data.

This bill requires an individual or a commercial entity that conducts business in the state and that owns or licenses computerized data that includes personal information to notify a resident of the state of any breach of the security of the system immediately following the discovery of a breach in the security of personal information of the state resident whose unencrypted personal information was, or is reasonably believed to have been, acquired by an unauthorized person. Notification must be made in good faith, in the most expedient time possible and without unreasonable delay, consistent with the legitimate needs of law enforcement and with any measures necessary to determine the scope of the breach and to restore the reasonable integrity of the computerized data system.

The law incorporates alternative notification procedures and in a civil action to recover damages (for example, losses due to identity theft), the award is triple the amount of actual damages plus reasonable attorney fees.

Submitted as:

Delaware

HB 116

Status: Enacted into law in 2005.

Suggested State Legislation

(Title, enacting clause, etc.)

1 Section 1. [*Short Title.*] This Act may be cited as “An Act to Address Computer Security
2 Breaches.”

3
4 Section 2. [*Definitions.*] As used in this Act:

5 (1) “Breach of the security of the system” means the unauthorized acquisition of
6 unencrypted computerized data that compromises the security, confidentiality, or integrity of
7 personal information maintained by an individual or a commercial entity. Good faith acquisition
8 of personal information by an employee or agent of an individual or a commercial entity for the
9 purposes of the individual or the commercial entity is not a breach of the security of the system,
10 provided that the personal information is not used or subject to further unauthorized disclosure;

11 (2) “Commercial entity” includes corporations, business trusts, estates, trusts,
12 partnerships, limited partnerships, limited liability partnerships, limited liability companies,
13 associations, organizations, joint ventures, governments, governmental subdivisions, agencies, or
14 instrumentalities, or any other legal entity, whether for profit or not-for-profit;

15 (3) “Personal information” means a resident's first name or first initial and last name in
16 combination with any one or more of the following data elements that relate to the resident,
17 when either the name or the data elements are not encrypted:

18 (a) Social Security number;

19 (b) driver's license number or state Identification Card number; or

20 (c) account number, or credit or debit card number, in combination with any
21 required security code, access code, or password that would permit access to a resident's
22 financial account.

23 The term "personal information" does not include publicly available information that is
24 lawfully made available to the general public from federal, state, or local government records;

25 (4) "Notice" means:

26 (a) written notice;

27 (b) telephonic notice;

28 (c) electronic notice, if the notice provided is consistent with the provisions
29 regarding electronic records and signatures set forth in §7001 of Title 15 of the United States
30 Code; or

31 (d) substitute notice, if the individual or the commercial entity required to provide
32 notice demonstrates that the cost of providing notice will exceed [\$75,000], or that the affected
33 class of state residents to be notified exceeds [100,000] residents, or that the individual or the
34 commercial entity does not have sufficient contact information to provide notice. Substitute
35 notice consists of all of the following:

36 (I) e-mail notice if the individual or the commercial entity has e-mail
37 addresses for the members of the affected class of state residents; and

38 (II) conspicuous posting of the notice on the Web site page of the
39 individual or the commercial entity if the individual or the commercial entity maintains one; and

40 (III) notice to major statewide media.

41
42 Section 3. [*Disclosure of Breach of Security of Computerized Personal Information by an*
43 *Individual or a Commercial Entity.*]

44 (1) An individual or a commercial entity that conducts business in this state and that
45 owns or licenses computerized data that includes personal information about a resident of this
46 state shall, when it becomes aware of a breach of the security of the system, conduct in good
47 faith a reasonable and prompt investigation to determine the likelihood that personal information
48 has been or will be misused. If the investigation determines that the misuse of information about
49 a state resident has occurred or is reasonably likely to occur, the individual or the commercial
50 entity shall give notice as soon as possible to the affected state resident. Notice must be made in
51 the most expedient time possible and without unreasonable delay, consistent with the legitimate
52 needs of law enforcement and consistent with any measures necessary to determine the scope of
53 the breach and to restore the reasonable integrity of the computerized data system.

54 (2) An individual or a commercial entity that maintains computerized data that includes
55 personal information that the individual or the commercial entity does not own or license shall
56 give notice to and cooperate with the owner or licensee of the information of any breach of the
57 security of the system immediately following discovery of a breach, if misuse of personal
58 information about a resident occurred or is reasonably likely to occur. Cooperation includes
59 sharing with the owner or licensee information relevant to the breach.

60 (3) Notice required by this Act may be delayed if a law enforcement agency determines
61 that the notice will impede a criminal investigation. Notice required by this Act must be made in
62 good faith, without unreasonable delay and as soon as possible after the law enforcement agency
63 determines that notification will no longer impede the investigation.

64
65 Section 4. [*Procedures Deemed in Compliance with Security Breach Requirements.*]

66 (1) Under this Act, an individual or a commercial entity that maintains its own notice
67 procedures as part of an information security policy for the treatment of personal information,
68 and whose procedures are otherwise consistent with the timing requirements of this Act is

69 deemed to be in compliance with the notice requirements of this Act if the individual or the
70 commercial entity notifies affected state residents in accordance with its policies in the event of a
71 breach of security of the system.

72 (2) Under this Act, an individual or a commercial entity that is regulated by state or
73 federal law and that maintains procedures for a breach of the security of the system pursuant to
74 the laws, rules, regulations, guidances, or guidelines established by its primary or functional state
75 or federal regulator is deemed to be in compliance with this Act if the individual or the
76 commercial entity notifies affected state residents in accordance with the maintained procedures
77 when a breach occurs.

78
79 Section 5. [*Violations.*] Pursuant to the enforcement duties and powers of the [Consumer
80 Protection Division of the Department of Justice] under [insert citation], the [Attorney General]
81 may bring an action in law or equity to address violations of this Act and for other relief that may
82 be appropriate to ensure proper compliance with this Act or to recover direct economic damages
83 resulting from a violation, or both. The provisions of this Act are not exclusive and do not relieve
84 an individual or a commercial entity subject to this Act from compliance with all other
85 applicable provisions of law.

86
87 Section 6. [*Severability.*] [Insert severability clause.]

88
89 Section 7. [*Repealer.*] [Insert repealer clause.]

90
91 Section 8. [*Effective Date.*] [Insert effective date.]